

Section 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Natural Gas (Sweet)
Synonyms: Marsh Gas; Methane (CH₄); Fuel Gas.
Product Use: Fuel Gas.
Restrictions on Use: Not available.
Manufacturer/Supplier: TC Energy Corporation
450 – 1st Street SW
Calgary, AB T2P 5H1
Emergency Phone: Canada: 1-888-982-7222
US: 1-800-447-8066
Portland Natural Gas: 1-800-830-9865
Columbia Gas Transmission: 1-800-835-7191



TC Energy Corporation
700 Louisiana Street
Houston, TX 77002

Date of Preparation of SDS: March 8, 2022

Section 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION
GHS INFORMATION

Classification: Flammable Gases, Category 1
Gases Under Pressure - Compressed Gas
Simple Asphyxiant, Category 1

LABEL ELEMENTS
Hazard
Pictogram(s):


Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements: Extremely flammable gas.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Response: Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.
In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place.
Protect from sunlight.

Disposal: Not applicable.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: Not applicable.

Ingredients with Unknown Toxicity: None.

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, (29 CFR 1910.1200). This material is considered hazardous by the Hazardous Products Regulations.

Section 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Ingredient(s)	Common name / Synonyms	CAS No.	% vol./vol.
Natural gas	Not available.	8006-14-2	100
Methane	Not available.	74-82-8	90 - 99
Ethane	Not available.	74-84-0	0 - 6
Propane	Not available.	74-98-6	0 - 3
Butane	Not available.	106-97-8	0 - 3
Propane, 2-methyl-	Isobutane	75-28-5	0 - 3
Pentane	Not available.	109-66-0	0 - 3
Butane, 2-methyl-	Isopentane	78-78-4	0 - 3
Nitrogen	Not available.	7727-37-9	0 - 3
Carbon dioxide	Not available.	124-38-9	0 - 3
Helium	Not available.	7440-59-7	0 - 3

Section 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation:	If inhaled: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Central nervous system depression can occur if product is present in concentrations that will reduce the oxygen content of air below 18 % (vol). Symptoms may include headache, lightheadedness, drowsiness, disorientation, vomiting and seizures. Unconsciousness and death may occur with severe oxygen deprivation. May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.
Eye Contact:	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Contact with rapidly expanding or liquefied gas may cause irritation and/or frostbite. The pain after contact with liquid can quickly subside. Permanent eye damage or blindness could result.
Skin Contact:	Contact with rapidly expanding or liquefied gas may cause irritation and/or frostbite. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Remove non-adhering contaminated clothing. Do not remove adherent material or clothing. Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Contact with rapidly expanding or liquefied gas may cause irritation and/or frostbite. Symptoms of frostbite include change in skin color to white or grayish-yellow. The pain after contact with liquid can quickly subside.
Ingestion:	Not a normal route of exposure.
General Advice:	Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Not a normal route of exposure. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label or SDS where possible).

Note to Physicians: Symptoms may not appear immediately.

Section 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**FLAMMABILITY AND EXPLOSION INFORMATION**

Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Will form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors from liquefied gas are initially heavier than air and spread along ground. Methane is lighter than air and will rise. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Cylinders exposed to fire may vent and release flammable gas through pressure relief devices. Containers may explode when heated. Ruptured cylinders may rocket. **DO NOT EXTINGUISH A LEAKING GAS FIRE UNLESS LEAK CAN BE STOPPED.**

If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 1600 meters (1 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 1600 meters (1 mile) in all directions.

Fire involving Tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices; icing may occur. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. **ALWAYS** stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn.

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: This material is not sensitive to mechanical impact.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge: This material is sensitive to static discharge.

MEANS OF EXTINCTION

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Small Fire: Dry chemical or CO₂.

Large Fire: Water spray or fog. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Not available.

Products of Combustion: Oxides of carbon.

Protection of Firefighters: Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources. Vapors may cause dizziness or asphyxiation without warning. Contact with gas or liquefied gas may cause burns, severe injury and/or frostbite. Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection. Always wear thermal protective clothing when handling refrigerated/cryogenic liquids.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures: As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 100 meters (330 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Keep out of low

areas. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.

Personal Precautions: Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental Precautions: Not normally required.

Methods for Containment: Stop leak if you can do it without risk. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Avoid allowing water runoff to contact spilled material. Do not direct water at spill or source of leak.

Methods for Clean-Up: Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

Other Information: See Section 13 for disposal considerations.

Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Avoid breathing gas. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. See Section 8 for information on Personal Protective Equipment.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Store away from incompatible materials. See Section 10 for information on Incompatible Materials. Keep out of the reach of children.

Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Component

Natural gas [CAS No. 8006-14-2]

ACGIH: Simple asphyxiant; Explosion hazard

OSHA: No PEL established.

Methane [CAS No. 74-82-8]

ACGIH: Simple asphyxiant; Explosion hazard

OSHA: No PEL established.

Ethane [CAS No. 74-84-0]

ACGIH: Simple asphyxiant; Explosion hazard

OSHA: No PEL established.

Propane [CAS No. 74-98-6]

ACGIH: Simple asphyxiant; Explosion hazard

OSHA: 1000 ppm (TWA), 1800 mg/m³ (TWA);

Butane [CAS No. 106-97-8]

ACGIH: 1000 ppm (STEL); Explosion hazard (2012)

OSHA: 800 ppm (TWA) [Vacated];

Isobutane [CAS No. 75-28-5]

ACGIH: 1000 ppm (STEL); Explosion hazard (2012)

OSHA: No PEL established.

Pentane [CAS No. 109-66-0]

ACGIH: 1000 ppm (TWA); (2013)

OSHA: 1000 ppm (TWA), 2950 mg/m³ (TWA);
600 ppm (TWA); 750 ppm (STEL) [Vacated];

Isopentane [CAS No. 78-78-4]

ACGIH: 1000 ppm (TWA); (2013)

OSHA: No PEL established.

Nitrogen [CAS No. 7727-37-9]

ACGIH: Simple asphyxiant

OSHA: No PEL established.

Carbon dioxide [CAS No. 124-38-9]

ACGIH: 5000 ppm (TWA); 30000 ppm (STEL); (1983)

OSHA: 5000 ppm (TWA), 9000 mg/m³ (TWA);

Helium [CAS No. 7440-59-7]

ACGIH: Simple asphyxiant

OSHA: No PEL established.

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

TWA: Time-Weighted Average

STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit

Engineering Controls:

Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapour, gas, etc.) below recommended exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)



Eye/Face Protection:

Wear safety glasses. Use equipment for eye protection that meets the standards referenced by CSA Standard CAN/CSA-Z94.3:20 and OSHA regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 for Personal Protective Equipment.

Hand Protection:

Wear protective gloves. Wear cold insulating gloves. Consult manufacturer specifications for further information.

Skin and Body Protection:

Wear protective clothing. Flame resistant clothing that meets

the NFPA 2112 and CAN/CGSB 155.20-2017 standards is recommended in areas where material is stored or handled.

Respiratory Protection:

If engineering controls and ventilation are not sufficient to control exposure to below the allowable limits then an appropriate NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator that meets the requirements of CSA Standard CAN/CSA-Z94.4-18, or self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Supplied air breathing apparatus must be used when oxygen concentrations are low or if airborne concentrations exceed the limits of the air-purifying respirators.

General Hygiene Considerations:

Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices. Consult a competent industrial hygienist to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection.

Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Colourless gas.
Colour:	Colourless.
Odour:	Slight hydrocarbon odour not detectable by all people.
Odour Threshold:	Not available.
Physical State:	Gas.
pH:	Not available.
Melting Point / Freezing Point:	-187 to -182 °C (-304.6 to -295.6 °F)
Initial Boiling Point:	Not available.
Boiling Range:	-162 °C (-259.6 °F)
Flash Point:	Not available.
Evaporation Rate:	> 1 (n-BuAc = 1) at 20 °C (68 °F)
Flammability (solid, gas):	Extremely flammable gas.
Lower Flammability Limit:	4.4 % (Natural Gas) 5% (Methane) 3% (Ethane) 2.1% (Propane) 1.8% (Butane & Isobutane)
Upper Flammability Limit:	16.4 % (Natural Gas) 15% (Methane) 12.5% (Ethane) 9.5% (Propane) 8.4% (Butane & Isobutane)
Vapor Pressure:	> 1000 mmHg at 20 °C (68 °F)

Vapor Density:	0.6 (Air = 1) at 20 °C (68 °F) (Methane)
Relative Density:	Not available.
Solubilities:	Negligible solubility in water.
Partition Coefficient: n-Octanol/Water:	Not available.
Auto-ignition Temperature:	537 °C (998.6 °F)
Decomposition Temperature:	Not available.
Viscosity:	Not available.
Percent Volatile, wt. %:	100
VOC content, wt. %:	Not available.
Density:	Not available.
Coefficient of Water/Oil Distribution:	Not available.

Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to heat.
Chemical Stability:	Stable under normal storage conditions.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:	None known.
Conditions to Avoid:	Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to heat.
Incompatible Materials:	Strong oxidizers.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Not available.

Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EFFECTS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE

Product Toxicity

Oral:	Not available.
Dermal:	Not available.
Inhalation:	Not available.

Component Toxicity

Component	CAS No.	LD ₅₀ oral	LD ₅₀ dermal	LC ₅₀
Natural gas	8006-14-2	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Methane	74-82-8	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Ethane	74-84-0	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Propane	74-98-6	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Butane	106-97-8	Not available.	Not available.	658000 mg/m ³ (rat); 4H
Isobutane	75-28-5	Not available.	Not available.	570000 ppm (rat); 15M

Pentane	109-66-0	400 mg/kg (rat)	Not available.	364000 mg/m ³ (rat); 4H
Isopentane	78-78-4	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Helium	7440-59-7	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.

Likely Routes of Exposure: Eye contact. Skin contact. Inhalation.

Target Organs: Skin. Eyes. Respiratory system. Cardiovascular system. Bone marrow. Liver. Kidneys. Central nervous system.

Symptoms (including delayed and immediate effects)

Inhalation: May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Central nervous system depression can occur if product is present in concentrations that will reduce the oxygen content of air below 18 % (vol). Symptoms may include headache, lightheadedness, drowsiness, disorientation, vomiting and seizures. Unconsciousness and death may occur with severe oxygen deprivation. May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Eye: Contact with rapidly expanding or liquefied gas may cause irritation and/or frostbite. The pain after contact with liquid can quickly subside. Permanent eye damage or blindness could result.

Skin: Contact with rapidly expanding or liquefied gas may cause irritation and/or frostbite. Symptoms of frostbite include change in skin color to white or grayish-yellow. The pain after contact with liquid can quickly subside.

Ingestion: Not a normal route of exposure.

Skin Sensitization: Not available.

Respiratory Sensitization: Not available.

Medical Conditions Not available.

Aggravated By Exposure:

EFFECTS OF CHRONIC EXPOSURE (from short and long-term exposure)

Target Organs: Skin. Eyes. Respiratory system. Cardiovascular system. Bone marrow. Liver. Kidneys. Central nervous system.

Chronic Effects: Prolonged exposure to Natural gas can lead to hypoxia, bluish colouration to the skin, numbness, damage to the nervous system, heart sensitization, reduced consciousness and death. Prolonged or repeated inhalation of Isopentane may cause dizziness, weakness, weight loss, anemia, nervousness, pains in the limbs and peripheral numbness.

Carcinogenicity: This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens above reportable thresholds as listed by ACGIH, IARC, OSHA, or NTP.

Mutagenicity: Not available.

Reproductive Effects: Not available.

Developmental Effects
Teratogenicity: Not available.

Embryotoxicity: Not available.

Toxicologically Synergistic Materials: Not available.

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Ecotoxicity: Not available.

Persistence / Degradability: Not available.

Bioaccumulation / Accumulation: Not available.

Mobility in Environment: Not available.

Other Adverse Effects: Not available.

Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
Disposal Instructions: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION
U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)
Proper Shipping Name: UN1971, NATURAL GAS, COMPRESSED, 2.1

Class: 2.1

UN Number: UN1971

Packing Group: Not applicable.

Label Code:

Canada Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)
Proper Shipping Name: UN1971, NATURAL GAS, COMPRESSED, 2.1

Class: 2.1

UN Number: UN1971

Packing Group: Not applicable.

Label Code:

Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION
Chemical Inventories
US (TSCA)

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Canada (DSL)

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of the NSN Regulations under CEPA, 1999.

Federal Regulations
United States

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SARA Title III

Component	Section 302 (EHS) TPQ (lbs.)	Section 304 EHS RQ (lbs.)	CERCLA RQ (lbs.)	Section 313	RCRA CODE	CAA 112(r) TQ (lbs.)
Methane	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	10000
Ethane	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	10000
Propane	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	10000
Butane	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	10000
Isobutane	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	10000
Pentane	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	10000
Isopentane	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	10000

State Regulations
Massachusetts

US Massachusetts Commonwealth's Right-to-Know Law (Appendix A to 105 Code of Massachusetts Regulations Section 670.000)

Component	CAS No.	RTK List
Natural gas	8006-14-2	Listed.
Methane	74-82-8	Listed.
Ethane	74-84-0	Listed.
Propane	74-98-6	Listed.
Butane	106-97-8	Listed.
Isobutane	75-28-5	Listed.
Pentane	109-66-0	Listed.
Isopentane	78-78-4	Listed.
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Listed.
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Listed.
Helium	7440-59-7	Listed.

Note: E = Extraordinarily Hazardous Substance

New Jersey

US New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act (New Jersey Statute Annotated Section 34:5A-5)

Component	CAS No.	RTK List
Methane	74-82-8	SHHS
Ethane	74-84-0	SHHS
Propane	74-98-6	SHHS
Butane	106-97-8	SHHS
Isobutane	75-28-5	SHHS
Pentane	109-66-0	SHHS

Isopentane	78-78-4	SHHS
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Listed.
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Listed.
Helium	7440-59-7	Listed.

Note: SHHS = Special Health Hazard Substance

Pennsylvania

US Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law (34 Pa. Code Chap. 301-323)

Component	CAS No.	RTK List
Natural gas	8006-14-2	Listed.
Methane	74-82-8	Listed.
Ethane	74-84-0	Listed.
Propane	74-98-6	Listed.
Butane	106-97-8	Listed.
Isobutane	75-28-5	Listed.
Pentane	109-66-0	Listed.
Isopentane	78-78-4	Listed.
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Listed.
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Listed.
Helium	7440-59-7	Listed.

California

California Prop 65: This product does not contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Disclaimer:

The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for their own particular use.

Date of Preparation of SDS: March 8, 2022

Version: 2.1

GHS SDS Prepared by: Deerfoot Consulting Inc.

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